

Ausgabe: Jahrbuch Prophylaxe 2018

Thema: Mundtrockenheit

Autorin: Annkathrin Dohle

Literatur

Ang KK, Stephens LC, Shultheiss TE: Oral cavity and salivary glands (Kapitel 10), In: Alberti W, Ang KK, Calvo W et al (Hrsg.): Radiopathology of organs and tissues. Springer Verlag, Berlin 1991;1.Auflage:283-311.

Chambers MS, Keene HJ, Toth BB et al: Mustand Streptococcii in xerostomic cancer patients after pilocarpine therapy: A pilot study. Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod 2005;99(2):180-184.

Cartee D.L., Maker S., Dalonges D., Manski M.C.: Sjögren's Syndrome: Oral Manifestations and Treatment, aDental Perspective. J Dent Hyg. 2015 Dec;89(6):365-71.

Chiappin S., Antonelli G., Gatti R., De Palo E.F.: Saliva specimen: A new laboratory tool for diagnostic and basic investigation. Clin Chim Acta 2007; 383:30-40.

Dawes C.: How much saliva is enough for avoidance of xerostomia? Caries Res 2004; 38:236-240.

Delli K., Spijkervet F.K.L., Kroese F.G.M., Bootsma H., Vissink A.: Xerostomia. Monogr Oral Sci. 2014; 24: 109-125.

Epstein J.B., Beier J.S.: Management of Hyposalivation and Xerostomia: Criteria for Treatment Strategies. Compend Contin Educ Dent 2015 Sep; 36:600-3.

Epstein J.B., van der Meij E.H., Lunn R., Stevenson-Moore P.: Effects of compliance with fluoride gel application in caries and caries risk in patients after radiation therapy for head and neck cancer. Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod. 1996 Sep;82(3):268-75.

Franzén L., Funegård U., Ericson T., Henriksson R.: Parotid gland function during and following radiotherapy of malignancies in the head and neck. A consecutive study of salivary flow and patient discomfort. Eur J Cancer. 1992; 28: 457–462.

Gardner E.J., Ruxton C.H., Leeds A.R.: Black tea – helpful or harmful? A review of the evidence. Eur J Clin Nutr 2007; 61:3-18.

Hahnel S. (2012): Mundtrockenheit. 1. Auflage, Balingen; Spitta Verlag GmbH & Co. KG.

Hansen A., Dörner T.: Sjögren-Syndrom. Der Internist 2010; 51:1267-1280.

Hellwig E., Klimek J., Attin T., (2013): Ätiologie, Histologie und Epidemiologie der Karies und anderer Zahnhartsubstanzdefekte. In: Einführung in die Zahnerhaltung. 6. Auflage, Köln, Deutscher Zahnärzte Verlag.

Herod E. L.: The use of milk as a saliva substitute. J Public Health Dent 1994 54: 184–189.

Hugger A., Türp J.C., Kerschbaum Th.: Speichel, orale Mikrobiologie und Bioadhäsion. In: Curriculum Orale Physiologie. (Hrsg.) Quintessenz Verlag-GmbH 2006.

- Klimek J.: Xerostomie und Speicheldrüsendysfunktion. *Zahnärztl Mitt* 2012; 10: 64-73.
- Leao J.C. Ribeiro C.M., Carvalho A.A., Frezzini C., Porter S.: Oral Complications of HIV Disease Clinics (San Paulo). 2009May; 64(5):459-470.
- Maeve M., Jeffers L., Webster-Cyriaque J.Y.: Viruses and Salivary Gland Disease (SGD), *Avd Dent Res*. 2011Apr; 23(1):79-83.
- Matzker J., Schreiber J.: Synthetischer Speichel zur Therapie der Hyposalivation, insbesondere der radiogenen Sialadenitis. *Z Laryngol Rhinol Otol* 1972 51: 422–428.
- McGrath C., Chan B.: Oral health sensations associated with illicit drug abuse. *British Dental Journal* 2005; 198:159-162.
- Meyer-Lueckel H., Kielbassa A.M.: Die Verwendung von Speichelersatzmitteln bei Patienten mit Xerostomie. *Schweiz Monatsschr Zahnmed* 2002; 112:1037-1048.
- Porter S.R., Scully C., Hegarty A.M.: An update of the etiology and management of xerostomia. *Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod*. 2004; 97:28–46.
- Quandt S.A., Savoca M.R., Leng X., Chen H., Bell R.A., Gilbert G.H., Anderson A.M., Kohrman T., Arcury T.A.: Dry mouth and dietary quality in older adults in North Carolina. *J Am Geriatr Soc* 2011; 59:439-445.
- Robinson P.G., Deacon S.A., Deery C., Heanue M., Walmsley A.D., Worthington H.V., Gleeney A.M., Shaw W.C.: Manuel versus powered toothbrushing for oral health. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2005 18(2):CD002281.
- Salerno C., Di Stasio D., Petruzzi M., Lauritano D., Gentile E., Guida A., Maio C., Tammaro M., Serpico R., Lucchese A.: An overview of burning mouth syndrom. *Front Biosci (Elite Ed)* 2016 Jan;8:213-8.
- Scully C.: Drug effects on salivary glands: dry mouth. *Oral Dis* 2003; 9:165–176.
- Ship J., Vissink A., Sreebny L.M.: Treating dry mouth: help is available. In: Sreebny L.M., Vissink A. (Hrsg.): *Dry mouth – the malevolent clinical symptom: a clinical guide*. Wiley-Blackwell, 2010:183-210.
- Smith R.G., Burtner A.P.: Oral side-effects of the most frequently prescribed drugs. *Spec Care Dentist* 1994; 14:96–102.
- Sreebny L.M.: Recognition and treatment of salivary induced conditions. *Int Dent J* 1989; 39:197-204.
- Sreebny L.M., Schwartz S.S.: A reference guide to drugs and dry mouth – 2nd edition. *Gerodontology* 1997; 14:33-47.
- Thomson W.M., van der Putten G.J., de Baat C., Ikebe K., Matsuda K., Enoki K., Hopcraft M.S., Ling G.Y.: Shortening the Xerostomia Inventory. *Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod*. 2011 Sep;112(3):322-327.
- Turner M.D., Ship J.A.: Dry mouth and ist effects on the oral health of elderly people. *J Am Dent Assoc* 2007 Sep;138:15-20.

Van der Reijden W.A., Vissink A., Veerman E.C., Nieuw Amerongen A.V.: Treatment of oral dryness related complaints (xerostomia) in Sjogren's syndrome. *Ann Rheum Dis* 1999; 58: 465–474.

Villa A., L Connell C., Abati S.: Diagnosis and management of xerostomia and hyposalivation. *Ther Clin Risk Manag* 2015; 11:45-51.

Vissink A., s'Gravenmade E.J., Panders A.K., Vermey A.: Treatment of hyposalivation. *J Ear Nose Throat* 1988; 67: 179–185.

Winner P., Lewis D., Visser W.H., Jiang K., Ahrens S., Evans J.K.: Rizatriptan 5 mg for the acute treatment of migraine in adolescents: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study. *Headache* 2002; 42:49–55.

Yaacob M., Worthington H.V., Deacon S.A., Deery C., Walmsley A.D., Robinson P.G., Glenny A.M.: Powered versus manual toothbrushing for oral health. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev* 2014 17(6):CD002281.

Zenk J., Benzel W., Iro H.: New modalities in the management of human sialolithiasis. *Minim Invasive Ther.* 1994; 3:275–284.