

Ausgabe: KN 5-2016, S. 10ff.

Thema: Klasse III-Management bei Erwachsenen

Autoren: Dr. Dimitrios Mavreas

Literatur

1. Jakobsone G, Stenvik A, Sandvik L, Espeland L. Three-year follow-up of bimaxillary surgery to correct skeletal Class III malocclusion: Stability and risk factors for relapse. *Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop* 2011;139(1):80–89.
2. Graber LW, Vanarsdall Jr RL and VK. Orthodontics: Current Principles and Techniques. 5th ed. Elsevier Health Sciences; 2011. 951-954 p.
3. Ishikawa H, Nakamura S, Iwasaki H, Kitazawa S, Tsukada H, Chu S. Dentoalveolar Compensation in Negative Overjet Cases. *Angle Orthod.* 2000;70(2):145–148.
4. Lin J, Gu Y. Preliminary investigation of nonsurgical treatment of severe skeletal Class III malocclusion in the permanent dentition. *Angle Orthod.* 2003;73(4):401–410.
5. Troy BA, Shanker S, Fields HW, Vig K, Johnston W. Comparison of incisor inclination in patients with Class III malocclusion treated with orthognathic surgery or orthodontic camouflage. *Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop.* 2009;135:146.e1-146.e9.
6. Sperry TP, Speidel TM, Isaacson RJ, Worms FW. The role of dental compensations in the orthodontic treatment of mandibular prognathism. *Angle Orthod.* 1977;47(4):293–9.
7. Bollen A-M, Cunha-Cruz J, Bakko DW, Huang GJ, Hujoel PP. The effects of orthodontic therapy on periodontal health: a systematic review of controlled evidence. *J Am Dent Assoc* 2008;139(4):413–22.
8. Sarver DM, Ackerman MB. Dynamic smile visualization and quantification: part 1. Evolution of the concept and dynamic records for smile capture. *Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop* 2003;124(1):4–12.
9. Sarver DM, Ackerman MB. Dynamic smile visualization and quantification: Part 2. Smile analysis and treatment strategies. *Am J Orthod Dentofac Orthop* 2003;124(2):116–27.